

Everything you need to know about measuring your kitchen

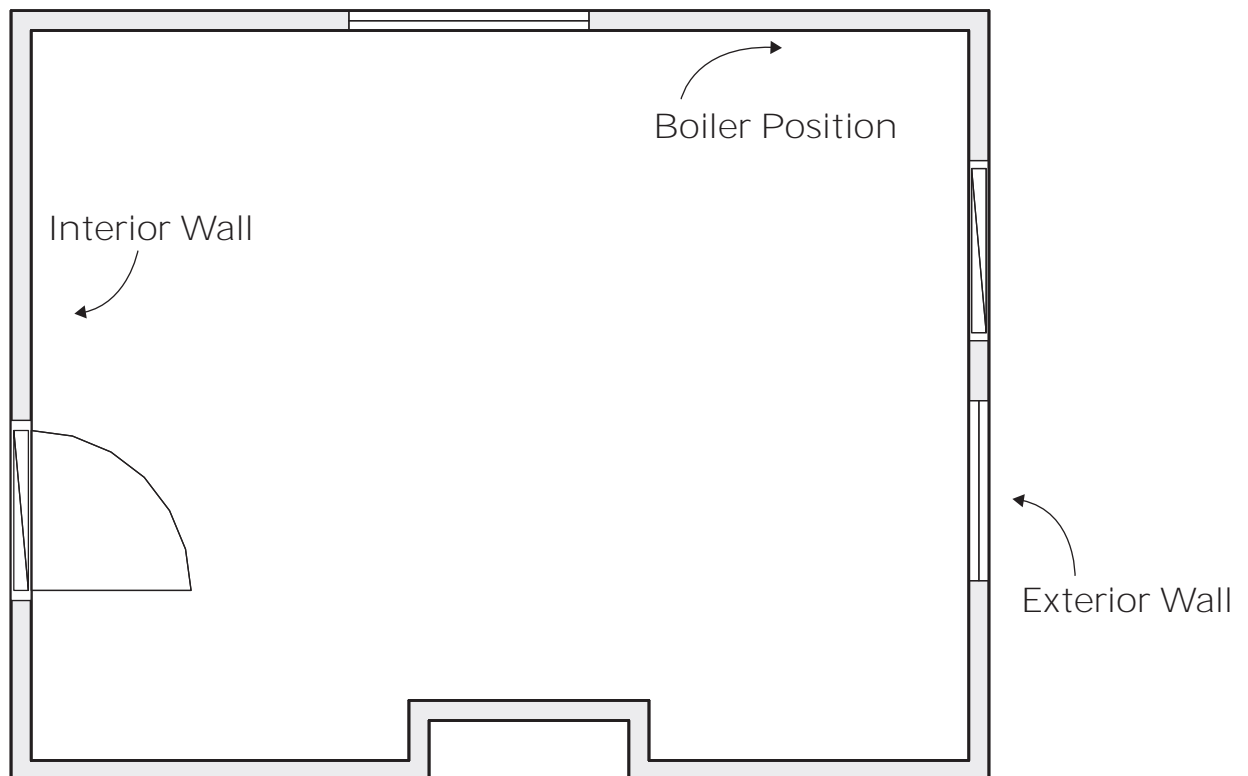
What you need:

- Measuring Tape
- Blank Paper or Graph Paper
- Pencil
- Ladder

Step 1:

Roughly sketch your floor layout. It doesn't need to be accurate but include anything that sticks out into the room such as a boiler. Mark positions of doors and windows and the direction in which they open. Don't forget to show where services are located for water, electric and gas. Remember the measurements are important, not the drawing, so make sure your diagram is clear and your numbers are accurate.

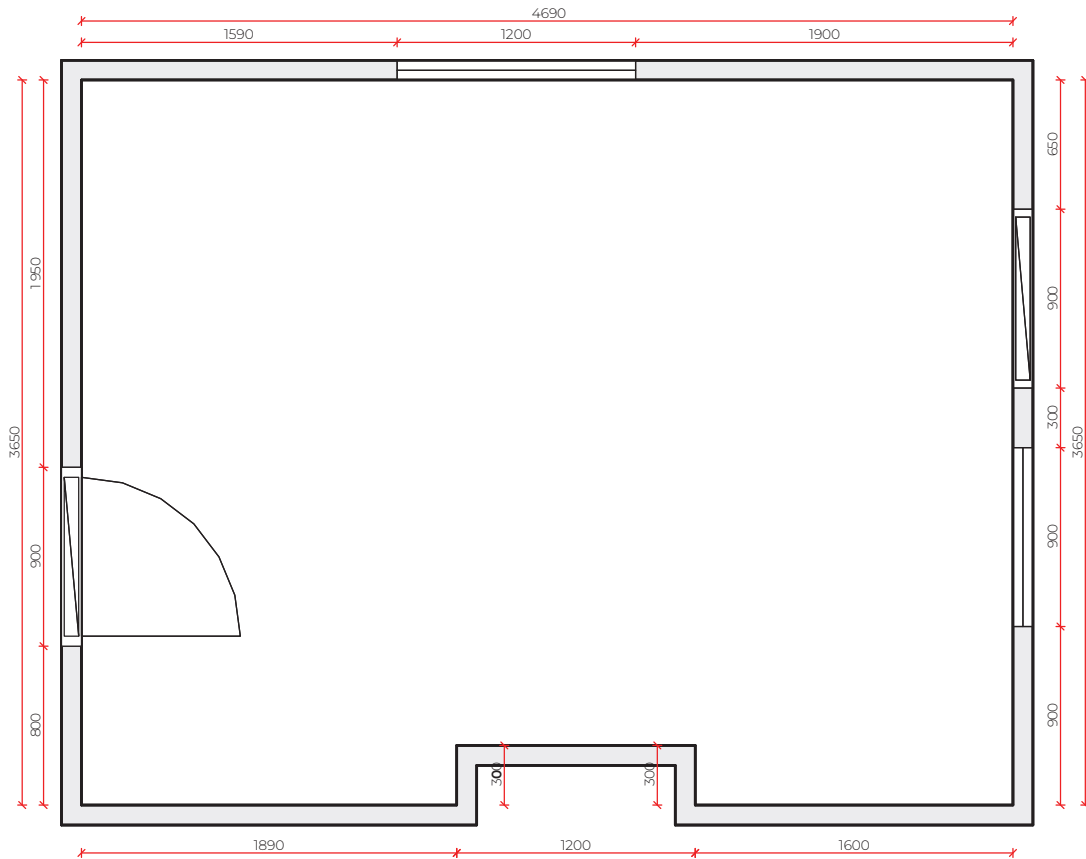
PRO TIP: Take photos of your kitchen and any elements that you are unsure about.



Step 2:

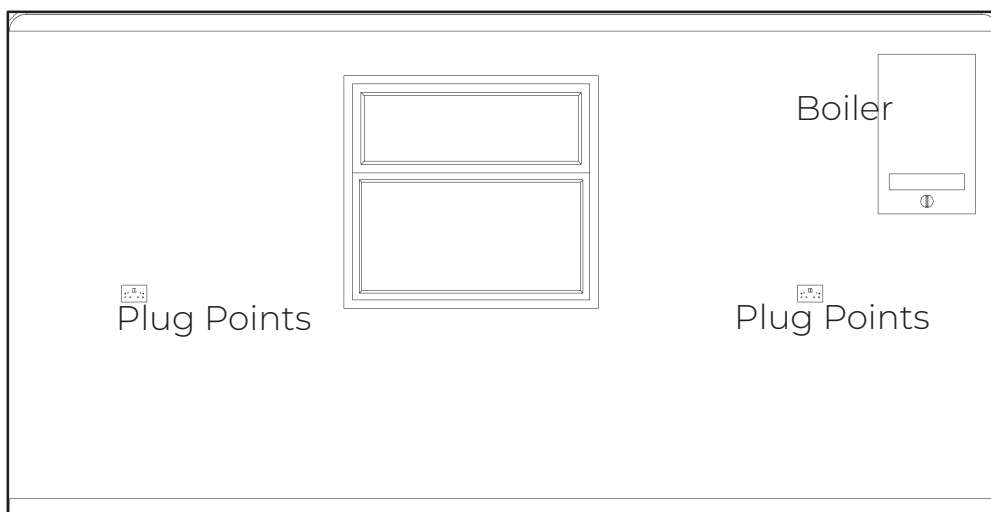
Measure between each fixed point in the room. This means measuring the distance from the edge of the door frame architrave to the corner of the room, the corner of the room to the window reveals and so on. Measure the size and position of all fixed objects and record the dimensions as you go.

PRO TIP: Pick a starting point and work clockwise from it to make sure you don't miss anything. Remember, its better to measure everything twice!



Step 3:

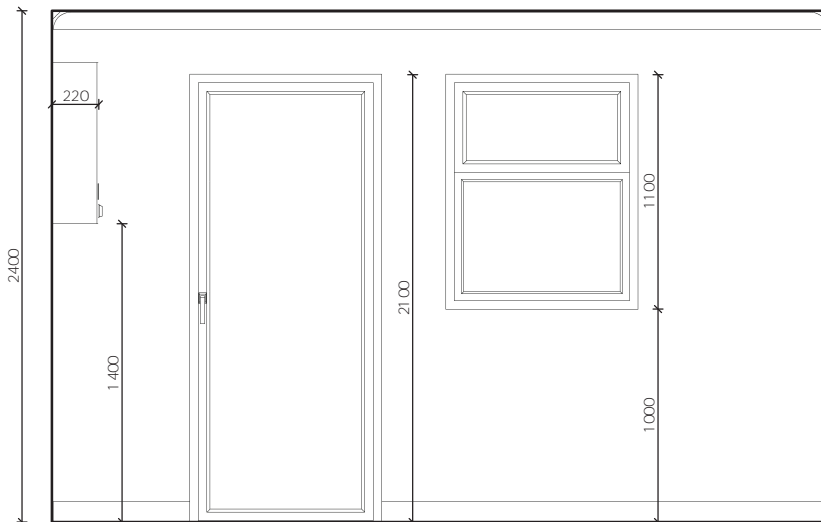
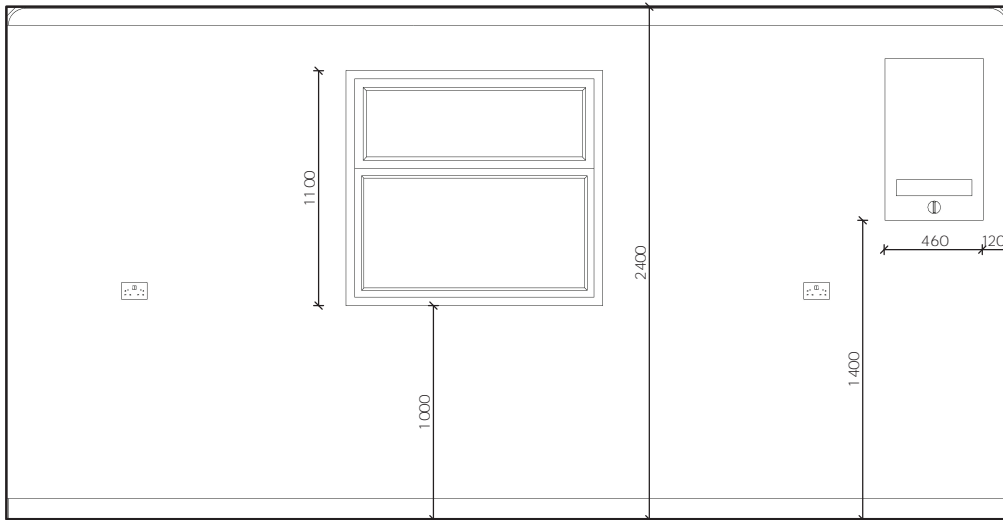
Create a rough elevation (front view) sketch of each wall, including any windows, electrical fittings, gas cooker points, radiators, air vents, extractor fans. Add any and all fixed objects that we need to work around.



Step 4:

Measure the room's height and any other vertical distances until the whole room is mapped. Walls aren't always straight, so measure from the top, middle, and bottom if you can. Always use a step ladder when taking high-level measurements.

PRO TIP: Pick a starting point and work clockwise from it to make sure you don't miss anything. Remember, its better to measure everything twice!



Step 5:

If you have any questions, please let us know and we can help guide you a bit more.

Now you have accurate sketches of your kitchen, get in touch and we'll bring your vision to life!